

CS 447-003 Networks and Data Communications Spring 2024

Quiz #10 on April 11, 2024 (SOLUTIONS)


Your Last Three Digits: _____

(please do NOT write all of your student ID or your name)

Grade: _____

- (1) How many Class-C domain(s) are (is) equivalent to a domain with ‘/26’ CIDR (block) prefix (in terms of the number of the host computers)? Show your work for fill credit.

CIDR Block PreFix	# Equivalent Class-C	# of Host Addresses
/32		
/26		
/25		
/24		
/17		
/16		
/15		
/14		



The number of the host computers in a Class-C domain = $2^{(32-24)} = 2^8$

The number of the host computers in a ‘/26’ domain = $2^{(32-26)} = 2^6$

Each ‘/26’ domain = $2^6/2^8$ Class-C domain = $1/4$ Class-C domain.

- (2) What does “BGP” stand for? What is the protocol for?

“BGP” = “Border Gateway Protocol”

BGP is for internet core-routers to exchange their routing information (domains each core-router is aware of as “LOCAL” domains) with other core routers.

- (3) What information does “Next Hop” field in each BGP UPDATE carries (explain why it is necessary in “BGP UPDATE”)?

The “Next Hop” field indicates the IP address of the (internet core) routers an AS needs to forward for a particular destination domain.

(4) The tier-1 ISPs are different from any other ISPs (those in tier-2 and tier-3). How (what is the most essential difference)?

The tier-1 ISPs are those ISPs that do not pay to any other ISPs (the only “settlement-free” ISPs).

(5) What is the relationship between “ISP” and “AS”?

An ISP can consist of multiple ASs, while an AS always belongs to only one ISP.